

## **Declaration / Datasheet**

# Inside thread - One-piece Squeegees

Fyens Børste- og Kostefabrik ApS.

Teknikvej 53 5260 Odense S Denmark

**Art. Numbers:** 

One-piece squeegees: 28300-, 28400-, 28500-, 28600-, 28700- Hand squeegees: 28243-

Trade names: One-piece squeegees super hygienic

Squeegees block: Polypropylene grade (98%) - master batch (2%); White, Blue, Red, Yellow, Green, Black, Orange, Purple, Brown

and Grey

Squeegees rubber: Cawiton PR 5018 B, natural coloured SEBS compound, hardness of 15 shore A (98%) - master batch (2%);

White, Blue, Red, Yellow, Green, Black, Orange, Purple, Brown and Grey

### Squeegees Block:

We confirm that the squeegees block to the above mentioned products fulfill the requirements on materials and articles used for food contact as described in the European Regulation 10/2011/EC as amended up to and including 202/2014/EC. The master batches are furthermore in compliance with European Resolution Res AP (89) 1.

The following substances also authorized as direct food additives (dual use additives) are present in the products:

Ref no. 24550, stearic acid Ref no. 56585, Glycerol, esters with stearic acid

Ref no. 92080, Talc

Furthermore the various colours contain the following dual use additives:

White, blue, yellow green, purple and grey: TiO2 and calcium stearate

Red and orange: TiO2, CaCO3 and calcium stearate Brown: RiO2, Iron Oxide and Calcium stearate

The squeegees block do not contain a functional barrier as defined in Regulation 10/2011/EC as amended up to and including 202/2014/EC

The squeegees block do not apply any danger to health or environment according to article 3 in Framework Regulation 1935/2004/EC. The items are manufactured according to Regulation 2023/2006/EC on good manufacturing practice. The items comply with current EU-legislation on plastic materials and articles intended for food contact as described in EC Regulation 10/2011/EC as amended up to and including 202/2014/EC and the Danish executive order no. 822 of 26/06/2013

**FDA (American Food and Drug Administration):** All raw materials to the squeegees block are in compliance with FDA-CFR 21 / Food code 2009.

**EU regulations:** Made in accordance with EU regulations; 10/2011/ECas amended up to and including 202/2014/EC, 1935/2004/EC, 2023/2006, 579/2011/EC.

EU directive; 93/43/EEC.

#### Raw material – Rubber for Squeegees:

Herewith we declare that the raw material components used in Cawiton PR5018B, rubber used for above mentioned products, respectively, possesses approval for food contact applications:

**U.S.A – Statement Food Contact Compliance (FDA 21CFR):** The styrene Block Copolymers used (SEBS, SEEPS) are compliant with FDA, Title 21CFR 177. 1810 (b)(3) and FDA FCN No. 63, respectively.

The polypropylene used complies with FDA 21 CFR 177.1520 (a)(1)(i), (b) and (c)(1.1a) Olefin Polymers.

The polyphenylene oxide (PPO) used complies with FDA, Title 21 CFR 172.878 and Title 21 CFR 178.3620 (a).

The mineral filer is qualified for usage as an indirect food additive in food packaging applications under FDA 21 CFR 174.5, 175.300, and 178.3297.

European Union – Statement Food Contact Compliance EU. (Commision Regulation No. 10 (2011) related to Plastic Material and Articles intended to come into contact with foodstuffs.: The Styrene Block Copolymers, the polypropylene resin and polyphenylene oxide (PPO) used meet the relevant requirements of Framework Regulation 1935/2004/EC, so far applicable for

plastic raw materials, used for articles or components of articles intended to come into contact with food. The monomers, starting substance and additives (incl. the plasticizer) used are listed in Annex I of the consolidated Commission Regulation No. 10 (2011) as amended, related to Plastic Materials and Articles intended to come into contact with foodstuffs. Applicable restrictions are available on request (supplier proprietary information). The mineral filler complies with EB71-3.

Before use: It is recommended to clean, disinfect and/or sterilise the article before use.

After use: clean, disinfect and sterilise the article after use according to the appropriate to it's intended use, using the correct chemical, concentration, time and temperature.

Sterilise in an autoclave max temp. 120°C (max temp for cleaning the article 120°C).

Disinfected; tolerate all approved disinfectants.

Date: 2015-02-16

Declaration made by: Karsten Skov.

## **Chemical resistance of Cawiton compounds:**

Below is attached general chemical resistance of Cawiton PR5018B compounds:

# Wittenburg b.v. Rubber- & Kunststofinengsels





Chemical resistance of Cawiton compounds

#### Chemical resistance of general Cawiton® SBS and SEBS grades

Acetic acid, 5 %	S
Acetone	U
Ammonia	S
Bleach	L
Butter	L
Cola beverage	S S U
Detergent, 30 %	S
Ethyl acetate	
Ethylalcohol, diluted	S
Ethylalcohol, 96 %	L
Gasoline	U
Hydrochloric acid, 3 N	S
Hydrogen peroxide, 6 %	S
Mayonaise	L
Ketchup	S
Hand lotion	S
Methylalcohol	L
Milk	E
Mineral oil	L
Nitric acid, 3 N	S
Orange juice	S
Salad oil	L
Sodium hydroxide, 3 N	S
Sulfuric acid	
Terpentine	U
Toluene	U
Water	E

E = Excellent S = Satisfactory = Limited U = Unsatisfactory

Cawiton® is a registered trademark of:

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		SN940			
	44		value change		
medium	test condition	weight %	volume %	hardness Shore A	
acetic acid	7d/RT	NR	NR	NR	
10%	14d/RT	NR	NR	NR	
	21d/RT	NR	NR	NR	
acetone	7d/RT	-23	-30	+14	
	14d/RT	-22	-29	+13	
	21d/RT	-16	-22	+10	
break fluid	7d/RT	-5	-7	-3	
	14d/RT	-7 -8	-10	-2 -2	
	21d/RT 70h/120°C	-23	-12 -33	+21	
	7d/120°C	-23	-33	+23	
butanol	7d/RT	NR	NR	NR	
Datarior	14d/RT	NR	NR	NR	
	21d/RT	NR	NR	NR	
chlorine solution	7d/RT	-0,1	-0,1	0	
coolant (glysantin	e:distilled water :	= 1:1)			
	7d/90°C	+4	+4	-5	
	14d/90°C	+6	+7	-5	
	21d/90°C	+9	+12	-13	
coolant (glysantin					
	7d/90°C	+0,2	+0,2	-1	
	14d/90°C 21d/90°C	+0,2 +0,2	+0,2 +0,2	-1 -1	
distilled water	7d/80°C	+0,2	+0,2	0	
ethanol	7d/RT	-7	-9	+2	
etilatioi	14d/RT	-7	-9	+2	
	21d/RT	-7	- <u>9</u>	+1	
ethyl acetate	7d/RT	-18	-25	+2	
	14d/RT	-18	-26	+4	
	21d/RT	-19	-26	+5	
ethylene glycol	7d/RT	+1	+0,2	-1	
	14d/RT	+2	+1,5	-2	
	21d/RT	+3	+3	-4	
formic acid	7d/RT	+22	+26	-6	
10%	14d/RT	+43	+53	-11	
	21d/RT	+63	+74	-15	
formaldehyde	7d/RT	+9	+11	-5	
	14/RT	+17	+19	-7	
	21/RT	+24	+26	-8	
gasoline A	7d/RT	+4	+19	-7 -10	
(isooctane)	14/RT 21/RT	+5 +4	+20 +19	-10 -8	
gasoline B (isooct			719	-0	
gassiiile D (13000)	7d/RT	NR	NR	NR	
	14/RT	NR	NR	NR	
	21/RT	NR	NR	NR	
gasoline C (isocta		1)			
	7d/RT	NR	NR	NR	
	14/RT	NR	NR	NR	
	21d/RT	NR	NR	NR	
gasoline fam. 2	7d/RT	NR	NR	NR	
	14/RT 21/RT	NR NR	NR NR	NR NR	
grease (multi-pur			INIX	INIX	
grease (muni-purp	7d/40°C	+17	+21	-6	
	14d/40°C	+25	+30	-0 -7	
	21d/40°C	+31	+40	-12	
glycerin	7d/RT	-0,1	-0,1	Ö	
	14/RT	-0.1	-0,1	-1	
	21/RT	o,	o o	-1	
hydrochloride	7d/RT	ND	ND	ND	
acid	14/RT	ND	ND	ND	
	21/RT	ND	ND	ND	

NR: not resistant ND: no data



# **Chemical resistance of Cawiton compounds**

_						
1	Acetaldehyde	R		Ethyl bromide	R	145 Oils vegetable T
	Acetates (low mol wt)	R		Ethyl chloride	R	146 Oleic acid R
	Acetic acid (less then 5%)	R		Ethylamine	R	147 Oxalic acid R
	Acetic acid (more then 5%)	R		Ethylene chlorohydrin	R R	148 Oxygen (gas) R 149 Ozone R
	Acetic anhydride			Ethylene dichloride		
6	Aceto nitrile	R		Ethylene glycol	T R	150 Perchloric acid R 151 Perchloroethylene T
8	Acetyl bromide	Ŕ		Ethylene oxide Fatty acids	T	151 Perchloroethylene T 152 Phenol N
9	Acetyl chloride	R		Ferric chloride	Ŕ	153 Phosphoric acid (ortho) R
10	-	R		Ferric sulfate	R	154 Phthalic acid N
	Alcohols	Т		Ferrous chloride	R	155 Plating solutions R
	Aliphatic hydrocarbons (C4 and higher)	Ň		Ferrous sulfate	R	156 Polyglycol T
	Aluminium chloride	R		Fluoborate salts	R	157 Potassium carbonate R
	Aluminium sulphate	R		Fluoboric acid	R	158 Potassium chlorate R
	Alums	R	87	Fluo-silicic acid	R	159 Potassium hydroxide (med.conc.) R
16	Ammonia (gas, liquid)	R	88	Formaldehyde	R	160 Potassium hydroxide (conc.) R
	Ammonium acetate	R	89	Formic acid	R	161 Potassium iodide R
18	Ammonium carbonate	R	90	Freon	Т	162 Propinal Adehyde R
19	Ammonium chloride	R	91	Gasoline (non-aromatic)	N	163 Pyridine R
20	Ammonium hydroxide	R	92	Gasoline (high-aromaticity)	N	164 Sea water R
	Ammonium nitrate	R		Glucose (dextrose)	R	165 Silicone fluids R
	Ammonium phosphate	R		Glue (water base)	R	166 Silicone oil R
	Ammonium sulfate	R		Glycerine	Ţ	167 Silver nitrate R
	Amyl acetate	N		Grease	Ţ	168 Skydrol N
	Amyl alcohol	N		Hydriodic acid	R	169 Soap solutions R
	Amyl chloride	N		Hydro bromic acid	R	170 Sodium bicarbonate R
	Aniline	Ţ		Hydrochloric acid	R	171 Sodium bisultate R
	Aniline hydrochloride	Ţ		Hydrochloric acid (med.conc.)	R	172 Sodium bisulfite R
	Antimony salts Aqua regia (75% HC1 25% HNO³)	R		Hydrochloric acid (conc.)	R R	173 Sodium borate R 174 Sodium carbonate R
	Aromatic hydrocarbons	N		Hydrocyanic acid Hydrofluoric acid	R	175 Sodium chlorate R
	Arsenic salts	R		Hydrogen peroxide (dil.)	R	176 Sodium chloride R
	Barium salts	R		Hydrogen peroxide (conc.)	R	177 Sodium terrocyanide R
	Benzaldehyde	N		Hydrogen sulfide	Ť	178 Sodium hydrosulfite R
	Benzene	N		Hypochlorous acid	Ŕ	179 Sodium hydroxide (dil.)
	Benzene sufonic acid	R		lodine and solutions	T	180 Sodium hydroxide (med.conc.) R
	Benzoic acid	N		Iron salts	R	181 Sodium hydroxide (conc.) R
	Benzyl alcohol	Ν		Isopropanol (IPA)	R	182 Sodium hypochlorite (below 5%) R
	Bleaching liquors (non aromatic)	R		Kerosene	N	183 Sodium hypochlorite (above 5%) R
40	Boric acid	R	112	Ketones (water soluble)	R	184 Sodium nitrate R
41	Bromine	R	113	Lactic acids	R	185 Sodium silicate R
42	Break fluid	R	114	Laquer solvents	N	186 Sodium sulfide R
43	Butane	Ν	115	Lactic acids	R	187 Sodium sulfite R
	Butyl acetate	Ν		Lead Acetate	R	188 Steam (up to 40 psi)
	Buryl alcohil (Butanol)	Т	l .	Linseed Oil	N	189 Stearic acid R
	Butyric acid	R		Lithium hydroxide	R	190 Styrene N
	Calcium oxide (diluted)	R		Magnesium chloride	R	191 Sulfur chloride R
	Calcium salts	R		Magnesium sulfate	R	192 Sulfur dioxide R
	Carbon (di)sulfide	N		Malic acid	R	193 Sulfuric hezafluoride R
	Carbon dioxide Carbon tetrachloride	R T		Manganese salts	R	194 Sulfuric trioxide R 195 Sulfuric acid (dil.) R
	Chloracetic acid	R		Mercury salts Methane	R N	195 Sulfuric acid (dil.) R 196 Sulfuric acid (med.conc.) R
	Chlorine (wet)	R		Methanol (<40%)	R	197 Sulfuric acid (med.conc.) R
	Chlorine (dry)	R		Methanol (>40%)	Ť	198 Sulfurous acid R
	Chlorobenzene	N		Methyl chloride	Ŕ	199 Swimming pool water R
	Chlorobromomethane	N		Methyl-ethyl-ketone (MEK)		200 Tannic acid R
	Chloroform	N		Methylen chloride	R	201 Tanning extracts R
	Chlorosulfonic acid	R		Milk		202 Tataric acid R
	Chromic acid	R		Mixes acid (40% sulphuric 15% nitric)	R	203 Tin salts
60	Chromium salts	R		Molybdenum disulfide	R	204 Titanium salts
61	Citric Acid	R	133	Monoethanolamine	Т	205 Toluene (toluol) N
	coolant	R		Naphtha	N	206 Trichloracetic acid R
	Copper salts	R		Natural gas		207 Trichloroethylene N
	Cresol	N		Nickel salts		208 Tri-sodium R
	Cyclohexane	N		Nitric acid (diluted)		209 Turpentine N
	Cyclohexanone	N		Nitric acid (med. Conc.)	R	210 Urea R
	Diacetone alcohol	R		Nitric acid (conc.)	R	211 Uric Acid R
	Dimethyl formamide	R		Nitrobenzene		212 Vinyl plastisol N
	Essential oils Ethers	R N		Nitrogen oxides Nitrous acid	R R	213 Water R 214 Water (brine) R
	Ethyl acetate	R		Oils animal		215 Xylene (Xylol) N
	Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol)	Т		Oils mineral	÷	216 Zinc chloride R
12	Early, allocator (Editarion)	-	111	One millional		ETO ENO GITOTIGO